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MISCELLANEOUS NOTE

23. INSECTS VISITING LAC INSECT FOR HONEYDEW¹

The lac insect, Kerria lacca (Kerr) excretes honeydew after settling at the suitable site on the shoots of the host plant species and a number of insects are attracted to it. The excretion often accumulates at the anal opening of the lac test, even ferments and attracts the sooty moult to grow thick enough to form a felt like covering over the lac insects killing them by suffocation. Honeydew is believed to be a waste product excreted into the Colorectum from the loops of the intestine that are suspended within the Colo-rectum (Kapur 1962). The frequency of excretion of the honeydew per insect per hour varies from 2.08 to 3.30 droplets by the larva and from 8.04 to 10.10 droplets by the fertilised females and it contains seventeen amino acids (Srivastava & Varshney 1966, 1968). A mature female excretes 0.2974 to 1.1716 cu. mm. honeydew per hour (Varshney 1972).

Mahdihassan (1925, 1939) reported several insects associated with lac but did not report any insects associated with honeydew, whereas Negi et al. (1930) and Mahdihassan (1957) reported 17 insects, belonging to orders Hymenoptera and Diptera, associated with honey-

dew but without stating the crops and localities from where they were collected. Attempts were, therefore, made at Regional Field Research Station for lac, Damoh, Madhya Pradesh, to collect insects visiting honeydew during both the rangeeni crop seasons namely, baisakhi (October/November to June/July) and katki (June/July to October/November). A total of 48 insects collected by us, Negi et al. (1930) and Mahdihassan (1957), are being presented in table 1. The insects collected by these authors are shown by a + sign and those not collected by a - sign, and have been arranged under the orders and families.

It will be seen from the collections that hymenopterous and dipterous insects were the frequent visitors during both the crop seasons whereas lepidopterous insects were found only during katki and hemipterous insects only during baisakhi crop seasons. During katki crop season, L. quadrispinous and M. brunnea were found to build their formicaries round the sparse encrustation. Similarly, D. koenigii appeared during the time of male emergence during baisakhi crop season.

refers to No. C-28 on p. 25 of the abstract.

¹ This paper was read at the Seminar on Lac tute, Namkum, Ranchi on 9-10 November 1973 and Production held at the Indian Lac Research Insti-

Table 1
Insects collected of honeydew by various authors

| Species | Collected by the present authors | | Negi et al. Mahdihassa (1930) (1957) | |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| | baisakhi | katki | (1930) | (170.) |
| Hymenoptera | | | | |
| FORMICIDAE | | | | |
| 1. Camponotus angusticollis Jerd. | + | + | - | = |
| 2. C. angusticollis var. | | + | . till i | |
| sanguinolentus For. | | | | |
| 3. C. compressus Fabr. | | | + | - |
| 4. C. rufoglaucus Jerd. | | + | - | - |
| 5. C. serioeus Fabr. | The same of the | + | + | |
| 6. C. variegatus var. fuscithorax Forel. | 2000 | ne rate | + | - |
| 7. C. near varians Roger | | | * | |
| 8. Cremastogaster sp. | + | The table | | |
| 9. Dolichoderus sp. 10. Lophomyrmex quadrispinous Jerd. | + | Ţ | i, sees trus | DOWN TOTAL |
| 11. Monomorium dichroum For. | era Jer Carrell | + 1 | | |
| 12. M. near indicum Smith | | t vinil Land | + | 1 539-511-10 |
| 13. M. latinoda Mayr. | 42 A 16 Smil | + 3 | | 10833 7-7-7 |
| 14. Myrmicarica brunnea Saund. | | + | SHE WINT | GOLD AND DE |
| 15. Solenopsis geminata subsp. rufa Jerd. | - | in the late of the | t - 1 - 1 | 587 Tare |
| VESPIDAE | | | | |
| 16. Polistes stigma Fabr. | | + | | THE REAL PROPERTY. |
| 17. Vespa orientalis Fabr. | + | + | an electrical | of the |
| MUTILLIDAE | | | | |
| 18. Mutilla sp. | 4 | + | - | VIII CELL |
| SPHEGIDAE | | - water | | |
| 19. Sceliphron madraspatnam Fabr. | + | Til seal | | Est will #300 |
| APIDAE | | | | |
| 20. Micrapis florea Fabr. | + | | | fe in win |
| | | | | |
| CHALCIDIDAE | | The Market of | | 4 |
| 21. Brachymeria fulvitarsis Cam. | - | | olef F | |
| Diptera | | | | |
| MUSCIDAE | | | | |
| 22. Musca sp. | + | + | | 4 - 2 |
| 23. Musca ventrosa Wied. | | + | - | |
| 24. M. pattoni Aust. | | + | | |
| 25. M. illingworthi Patton. | | + | C - 100 | + |
| 26. Gymnodia tonitrui Wied. 27. G. tonitrui ab. canache Walk. | | | | + |

| Species | | Collected by the present authors baisakhi katki | | Mahdihassan (1957) | |
|--|-----------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|--|
| CALLIPHORIDAE | Lixerin | String 1 | Taki | 11 3010-3 | |
| 28. Chrysomyia megacephala Fab.29. C. rufifacies Macq.30. C. albiceps Wied. | + 5-171,#47 51 | ++ | | - - + | |
| TABANIDAE | | | | | |
| 31. Tabanus hilaris Wlk.32. T. striatus Fab.33. T. jucundus Wlk. | Mary - may be | + + + + | | all milking | |
| SARCOPHAGIDAE | | | | | |
| 34. Sarcophaga sp.35. S. hirtipes Wied. | + | <u>+</u> | (CAN Carte | - | |
| TRYPETIDAE | | | | | |
| 36. Tephrostola reinhardi Wied. | dy emph.) | d pice all | 71454 E | + | |
| 37. Chrysomyza aenea W. 38. C. demandata F. | | min to and the | del pulling | + + | |
| MILICHIIDAE | | | | | |
| 39. Milichia pubescens Beck. 40. Milichiella lacetipennis Loew. | | | = = | + + | |
| EPHYDRIDAE | | | | | |
| 41. Gymnopa albipennis Loew. | | - | | + | |
| Hemiptera | | | | | |
| PYRRHOCORIDAE | -1: | | | | |
| 42. Dysdercus koenigii Fab. | | | | | |
| LYGAEIDAE 43. Graptostethus servus Fabr. | + | | -1-1- | | |
| Lepidoptera | | | | | |
| SATYRIDAE | | | | | |
| 44. Mycalesis sp. 45. Mycalesis sp. near mineus | | + + | Ξ | _ | |
| NYMPHALIDAE | | | | | |
| 46. Neptis hylas varmona Moore47. Precis iphita Cramer48. Euthalia nais Foster | | + + + | Ξ | = | |

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